# OSHA RECOMMENDATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS:

COVID-19



#### **EMPLOYER OBLIGATIONS**

- DEVELOP CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS TO DEAL WITH ANY DEFICIENCIES OR PROBLEMS.
- HAVE AN "EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN"
- PROVIDE AND PAY FOR PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
- PROVIDE SUITABLE WATER IN THE WORKPLACE AND LAVATORY WITH HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER
- PROVIDE ADEQUATE FIRST AID SUPPLIES
- RESPONSIBILITY TO KEEP RECORDS OF INJURIES AND ILLNESSES THAT HAVE OCCURRED IN THE WORKPLACE

# OSHA GUIDANCE ON CLEANING WORKPLACE DURING CORONAVIRUS

- INCREASE HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES IN ANY AREA OPEN TO WORKERS
  - ROUTINE CLEANING PROCEDURES THEN
  - APPLY EPA-APPROVED DISINFECTANTS
- CONSULT INFORMATION ON <u>EPA-APPROVED DISINFECTANT</u> LABELS WITH CLAIMS AGAINST EMERGING VIRAL PATHOGENS
- FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF ALL CLEANING AND DISINFECTION PRODUCTS

# RECOMMENDATIONS: CREATE A CORONAVIRUS TASK FORCE

- MEMBERS SHOULD INCLUDE HR, LEGAL, IT, AND SECURITY
- SCHEDULE FREQUENT MEETINGS
  - RECOMMEND AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK
- REVIEW CURRENT LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL GUIDELINES IN YOUR JURISDICTION
- CREATE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES TO COMPLY WITH ALL GUIDELINES AND LAWS
- DEVELOP AN INFECTIOUS DISEASE PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE PLAN

### INFECTIOUS DISEASE PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE PLAN CONSIDERATIONS

- THE LEVELS OF RISK ASSOCIATED WITH VARIOUS WORKSITES AND JOB TASKS WORKERS
  PERFORM
  - SCHOOL DISTRICTS ARE CONSIDERED MEDIUM RISK
- ANALYZE WHERE, HOW AND WHAT SOURCES OF COVID-19 WORKERS MAY BE EXPOSED TO:
  - RECOMMEND COMPLETING WORKPLACE HAZARD ASSESSMENT
- WORKERS' INDIVIDUAL RISK FACTORS
  - EXAMPLES: OLDER AGE, PRESENCE OF CHRONIC MEDICAL CONDITIONS, ETC.
- ANALYZE WHAT CONTROLS ARE NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THOSE RISKS
  - ENGINEERING CONTROLS: PHYSICAL BARRIERS (I.E. SNEEZE GUARDS) WHERE FEASIBLE
  - ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS: PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)



- PROVIDE WRITTEN CERTIFICATION INDICATING THE REQUIRED WORKPLACE HAZARD ASSESSMENT HAS BEEN PERFORMED
- CERTIFICATION SHOULD INCLUDE:
  - NAME OF PERSON CERTIFYING THAT THE EVALUATION HAS BEEN PERFORMED
  - THE DATE(S) OF THE HAZARD ASSESSMENT; AND
  - DOCUMENT AS CERTIFICATION OF HAZARD ASSESSMENT

### WORKPLACE HAZARD ASSESSMENT: IF HAZARDS ARE PRESENT

- SELECT THE TYPES OF PPE THAT WILL PROTECT THE AFFECTED EMPLOYEE FROM THE HAZARDS
   IDENTIFIED IN THE HAZARD ASSESSMENT
- COMMUNICATE SELECTIONS DECISIONS TO EACH AFFECTED EMPLOYEE
- SELECT PPE THAT PROPERLY FITS EACH AFFECTED EMPLOYEE
- HAVE EACH AFFECTED EMPLOYEE USE SELECTED PPE
- DO NOT USE ANY DAMAGED OR DEFECTIVE PPE

### OSHA WORKER TRAINING: ANTICIPATED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE

- TRAIN ALL WORKERS WITH REASONABILITY ANTICIPATED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE TO COVID-19 ABOUT:
  - SOURCES OF EXPOSURE TO THE VIRUS
  - HAZARDS ASSOCIATED WITH THAT EXPOSURE
  - INFORMATION ABOUT ISOLATION OF INDIVIDUALS WITH SUSPECTED OR CONFIRMED COVID-19 OR OTHER INFECTIOUS DISEASES
  - REPORTING PROCEDURE FOR POSSIBLE CASES OF COVID-19
- TRAINING MUST BE OFFERED DURING WORK TIMES AT NO EXPENSE TO EMPLOYEE

# OSHA WORKER TRAINING: PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

- EMPLOYEES REQUIRED TO USE PPE MUST BE TRAINED ON PROPER USE OF PPE
- TRAINING MUST INCLUDE:
  - WHEN TO USE PPE
  - WHAT PPE IS NECESSARY IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS
  - HOW TO PROPERLY DON (PUT ON), USE, AND DOFF (TAKE OFF) PPE
  - METHODS TO INSPECT FOR DAMAGE
  - METHODS TO MAINTAIN PPE
  - METHODS TO PROPERLY DISPOSE OF OR DISINFECT PPE

#### OSHA REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

- REPORT EACH INCIDENT THAT HOSPITALIZES 3 OR MORE WORKERS / EACH DEATH
- MAINTAIN INJURY AND ILLNESS RECORDS
- INFORM WORKERS HOW TO REPORT AN INJURY OR ILLNESS TO EMPLOYER
- CLEARLY INDICATE PROPER CONTACT PERSON FOR REPORTING INJURIES OR ILLNESSES.
- MAKE RECORDS AVAILABLE TO ALL WORKERS
- ALLOW OSHA TO HAVE ACCESS TO ALL RECORDS
- POST ANNUAL SUMMARY OF INJURIES AND ILLNESSES.

#### OSHA RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

• COVID-19 IS A RECORDABLE ILLNESS UNDER OSHA'S RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

- EMPLOYERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR RECORDING CASES OF COVID-19, IF THE CASE:
  - IS CONFIRMED AS A COVID-19 ILLNESS,
  - IS WORK-RELATED,
  - INVOLVES MEDICAL TREATMENT BEYOND FIRST AID OR DAYS AWAY FROM WORK

# OSHA: EXERCISING ENFORCEMENT DISCRETION

 OSHA IS EXERCISING ENFORCEMENT DISCRETION TO ASSESS EMPLOYER'S EFFORTS IN MAKING WORK-RELATED DETERMINATIONS

- RECOMMENDED TO APPLY THE FOLLOWING CONSIDERATIONS:
  - THE REASONABLENESS OF THE EMPLOYER'S INVESTIGATION INTO WORK-RELATEDNESS.
  - THE EVIDENCE AVAILABLE TO THE EMPLOYER
  - THE EVIDENCE THAT A COVID-19 ILLNESS WAS CONTRACTED AT WORK

#### EXAMPLES OF LIKELY WORK-RELATEDNESS

- WHEN SEVERAL CASES DEVELOP AMONG WORKERS WHO WORK CLOSELY TOGETHER AND THERE IS NO ALTERNATIVE EXPLANATION
- IF CONTRACTED SHORTLY AFTER LENGTHY, CLOSE EXPOSURE TO A PARTICULAR CUSTOMER OR CO-WORKER WHO HAS A CONFIRMED CASE OF COVID-19 AND THERE IS NO ALTERNATIVE EXPLANATION
- IF JOB DUTIES INCLUDE HAVING FREQUENT, CLOSE EXPOSURE TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC IN A LOCALITY WITH ONGOING COMMUNITY TRANSMISSION AND THERE IS NO ALTERNATIVE EXPLANATION

#### **EXAMPLES OF NOT LIKELY WORK-RELATEDNESS**

- IF EMPLOYEE IS THE ONLY WORKER TO CONTRACT COVID-19 IN THEIR VICINITY AND THE JOB DUTIES DO NOT INCLUDE HAVING FREQUENT CONTACT WITH THE GENERAL PUBLIC (REGARDLESS OF COMMUNITY TRANSMISSION)
- IF EMPLOYEE, OUTSIDE THE WORKPLACE, CLOSELY AND FREQUENTLY ASSOCIATES WITH SOMEONE WHO
  - 1) HAS COVID-19
  - 2) IS NOT A CO-WORKER
  - 3) EXPOSES THE EMPLOYEE DURING THE PERIOD IN WHICH THE INDIVIDUAL IS LIKELY INFECTIOUS.



### OSHA: COVID-19 RECORDKEEPING

• IF, AFTER THE REASONABLE AND GOOD FAITH INQUIRY, THE EMPLOYER CANNOT DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS MORE LIKELY THAN NOT THAT THE EXPOSURE IN THE WORKPLACE PLAYED A CASUAL ROLE WITH RESPECT TO A PARTICULAR CASE OF COVID-19, THE EMPLOYER DOES NOT NEED TO RECORD THAT COVID-19 ILLNESS.

IN ALL EVENTS, IT IS IMPORTANT FOR EMPLOYERS TO EXAMINE COVID-19 CASES AMONG
 WORKERS AND RESPOND APPROPRIATELY TO PROTECT WORKERS, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER
 A CASE IS ULTIMATELY DETERMINED TO BE WORK-RELATED.



#### **EMPLOYEE RIGHTS**

- WORK IN A SAFE AND HEALTHY WORKPLACE
- BE PROVIDED WITH KNOWLEDGE ABOUT HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS.
- BE PROVIDED WITH INFORMATION ABOUT INJURIES AND ILLNESSES IN YOUR WORKPLACE
- COMPLAIN OR REQUEST HAZARD CORRECTIONS FROM EMPLOYER
- BE PROVIDED WITH TRAINING
- FILE A COMPLAINT WITH OSHA
- PARTICIPATE IN AN OSHA INSPECTION
- BE PROTECTED FROM RETALIATION FOR EXERCISING SAFETY AND HEALTH RIGHTS

#### CAN AN EMPLOYEE LEAVE WORK IF IT IS UNSAFE?

- IF EMPLOYEE BELIEVES THE WORKING CONDITIONS ARE UNSAFE OR UNHEALTHFUL, THEY NEED TO CALL EMPLOYER'S ATTENTION TO THE PROBLEM.
- THEN, IF EMPLOYER DOES NOT CORRECT THE HAZARD OR DISAGREES WITH EMPLOYEE ABOUT THE EXTENT OF THE HAZARD, EMPLOYEE MAY ALSO FILE A COMPLAINT WITH OSHA
- REFUSING TO DO A JOB BECAUSE OF POTENTIALLY UNSAFE WORKPLACE CONDITIONS IS
   NOT AN EMPLOYEE RIGHT UNDER THE OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT.
- REFUSING TO WORK MAY RESULT IN DISCIPLINARY ACTION BY AN EMPLOYER.

### EMPLOYEES RIGHT TO REFUSE TO DO A JOB

- EMPLOYEE HAS ASKED EMPLOYER TO ELIMINATE THE DANGER, AND THE EMPLOYER FAILED TO DO SO; AND
- EMPLOYEE REFUSED TO WORK IN "GOOD FAITH"; AND
  - GOOD FAITH MEANS EVEN IF AN IMMINENT DANGER IS NOT FOUND TO EXIST, THE WORKER HAD REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT IT DID EXIST
- A REASONABLE PERSON WOULD AGREE THAT THERE IS A REAL DANGER OF **DEATH OR** SERIOUS INJURY; AND
- THERE ISN'T ENOUGH TIME, DUE TO THE URGENCY OF THE HAZARD, TO GET IT CORRECTED THROUGH REGULAR ENFORCEMENT CHANNELS
  - I.E. REQUESTING AN OSHA INSPECTION



### WHEN REFUSING TO DO A JOB, EMPLOYEES CAN:

- ASK EMPLOYER TO CORRECT THE HAZARD
- ASK EMPLOYER FOR OTHER WORK
- TELL EMPLOYER THAT WON'T PERFORM THE WORK UNLESS AND UNTIL THE HAZARD IS CORRECTED; AND
- REMAIN AT THE WORKSITE UNTIL ORDERED TO LEAVE BY EMPLOYER
- IF EMPLOYER DISCRIMINATES AGAINST EMPLOYEE FOR REFUSING TO PERFORM THE <u>DANGEROUS</u> WORK, EMPLOYEE CAN CONTACT OSHA IMMEDIATELY.



#### **ADDITIONAL RESOURCES**

- OSHA WEBSITE
  - HTTPS://WWW.OSHA.GOV/
- OSHA GUIDANCE ON PREPARING WORKPLACES FOR COVID-19
  - HTTPS://WWW.OSHA.GOV/PUBLICATIONS/OSHA3990.PDF
- OSHA WORKER EXPOSURE RISK TO COVID-19
  - HTTPS://WWW.OSHA.GOV/PUBLICATIONS/OSHA3993.PDF
- OSHA ENFORCEMENT GUIDANCE FOR RECORDING CASES OF COVID-19
  - HTTPS://WWW.OSHA.GOV/MEMOS/2020-04-10/ENFORCEMENT-GUIDANCE-RECORDING-CASES-CORONAVIRUS-DISEASE-2019-COVID-19